



# Incident Response Platform Integrations

# Cisco Umbrella Investigate Function V1.0.3

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| Version | Publication | Notes |
| 1.0.3 | September 2020 | Proxy Support |
| 1.0.2 | May 2020 | App Host support added |
| 1.0.1 | August 2019 | Configuration settings checking less restrictive. |
| 1.0.0 | June 2018 | Initial publication. |

Resilient Functions simplify development of integrations by wrapping each activity into an individual workflow component. These components can be easily installed and then used and combined in Resilient workflows. The Resilient platform sends data to the function component that performs an activity and then returns the results to the workflow. The results can be actioned by scripts, rules, and workflow decision points to dynamically orchestrate the security incident response activities.

This guide describes the Cisco Umbrella Investigate Function.

Overview

Umbrella Investigate is the interface to the security data collated by the Cisco Umbrella Investigate research team. The Cisco Umbrella Investigate REST API service allows for the querying of the Umbrella DNS database to show security events and correlations in their datasets. The Investigate REST API opens up the power of the Investigate classification results, correlation, and history, and is based on the Umbrella global network, the world’s largest security network.

The Cisco Umbrella Investigate integration with the Resilient platform allows querying of the Investigate datasets using their REST APIs. The returned results can be used to make customized updates to the Resilient platform, such as updating incidents, artifacts, data tables and so on.

There are 14 functions supplied in the Resilient Function package for Umbrella Investigate. The functions interrogate the various REST APIs exposed by the Investigate service. There are also example workflows in the customizations section of the package which demonstrate usage of the Resilient Investigate Functions to update data tables.

The remainder of this document describes the included functions, how to configure example custom workflows, and data tables.

Installation

App Host

All the components for running this integration in a container already exist when using the App Host app.  
  
To install,

* Navigate to Administrative Settings and then the Apps tab.
* Click the Install button and select the downloaded file: app-fn\_cisco\_umbrella\_inv-x.x.x.zip.
* Go to the Configuration tab and edit the app.config file, editing the api\_token for Cisco Umbrella access and adjusting any other setting as needed.

[fn\_cisco\_umbrella\_inv]  
base\_url=https://investigate.api.umbrella.com/  
# The api\_token will be supplied by Cisco will be in uuid format.  
api\_token=<api token>  
results\_limit=200  
# uncomment to specify proxy settings  
#https\_proxy=https://your.proxy.com  
#http\_proxy=http://your.proxy.com

Integration Server

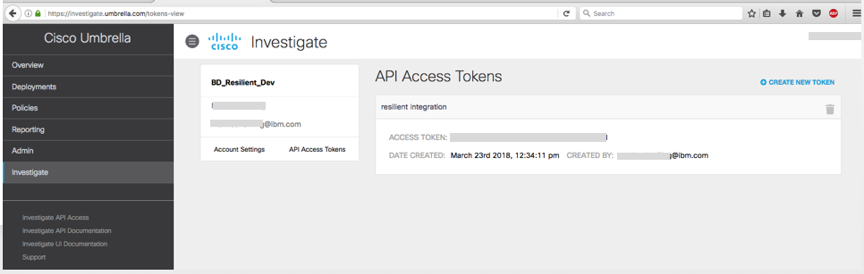
Before installing, verify that your environment meets the following prerequisites:

* Resilient platform must be version 30 or later.
* You must have a Resilient account to use for the integrations. This can be any account that has the permission to view and modify administrator and customization settings, and read and update incidents. You must know the account username and password.
* You have access to the command line of the Resilient appliance, which hosts the Resilient platform; or to a separate integration server where you will deploy and run the functions code. If you are using a separate integration server, you must install Python version 2.7.10 or later, or version 3.6 or later, and “pip”. (The Resilient appliance is preconfigured with a suitable version of Python.)

Configure Cisco Umbrella Investigate

The Umbrella Investigate default base URL is <https://investigate.api.umbrella.com/>. You can override the base URL if required.

Access to the Cisco Umbrella Investigate REST API is allowed by providing an access token in the request. The access token is tied to a user account on the Umbrella platform.



More information is available at <https://investigate-api.readme.io/docs/about-the-api-authentication>.

Install the Python components

The functions package contains Python components that are called by the Resilient platform to execute the functions during your workflows. These components run in the Resilient Circuits integration framework.

The package also includes Resilient customizations that will be imported into the platform later.

Complete the following steps to install the Python components:

1. Ensure that the environment is up-to-date, as follows:

sudo pip install --upgrade pip

sudo pip install --upgrade setuptools

sudo pip install --upgrade resilient-circuits

1. Run the following command to install the package:

sudo pip install --upgrade fn\_cisco\_umbrella\_inv-1.0.1.tar.gz

Configure the Python components

The Resilient Circuits components run as an unprivileged user, typically named integration. If you do not already have an integration user configured on your appliance, create it now.

Complete the following steps to configure and run the integration:

1. Using sudo, switch to the integration user, as follows:

sudo su - integration

1. Use one of the following commands to create or update the resilient-circuits configuration file. Use –c for new environments or –u for existing environments.

resilient-circuits config -c

or

resilient-circuits config -u

1. Edit the resilient-circuits configuration file, as follows:
   1. In the [resilient] section, ensure that you provide all the information required to connect to the Resilient platform.
   2. In the [fn\_cisco\_umbrella\_inv] section, edit the settings as follows:

base\_url=https://investigate.api.umbrella.com/

# The api\_token will be supplied by Cisco will be in uuid format.

api\_token=abcd1234-a123-123a-123a-123456abcdef

results\_limit=200

Deploy customizations to the Resilient platform

The package contains function definitions that you can use in workflows, and includes example workflows and rules that show how to use these functions.

1. Use the following command to deploy these customizations to the Resilient platform:

resilient-circuits customize

1. Respond to the prompts to deploy functions, message destinations, workflows and rules.

Run the integration framework

To test the integration package before running it in a production environment, you must run the integration manually, using the following command:

resilient-circuits run

The resilient-circuits command starts, loads its components, and continues to run until interrupted. If it stops immediately with an error message, check your configuration values and retry.

Configure Resilient Circuits for restart

For normal operation, Resilient Circuits must run continuously. The recommended way to do this is to configure it to automatically run at start up. On a Red Hat appliance, you can do this using a systemd unit file such as the one below. You might need to change the paths to your working directory and app.config.

1. The unit file must be named resilient\_circuits.service To create the file, enter the following command:

sudo vi /etc/systemd/system/resilient\_circuits.service

1. Add the following contents to the file and change as necessary:

[Unit]  
Description=Resilient-Circuits Service  
After=resilient.service  
Requires=resilient.service

[Service]  
Type=simple  
User=integration  
WorkingDirectory=/home/integration  
ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/resilient-circuits run  
Restart=always  
TimeoutSec=10  
Environment=APP\_CONFIG\_FILE=/home/integration/.resilient/app.config  
Environment=APP\_LOCK\_FILE=/home/integration/.resilient/resilient\_circuits.lock

[Install]  
WantedBy=multi-user.target

1. Ensure that the service unit file is correctly permissioned, as follows:

sudo chmod 664 /etc/systemd/system/resilient\_circuits.service

1. Use the systemctl command to manually start, stop, restart and return status on the service:

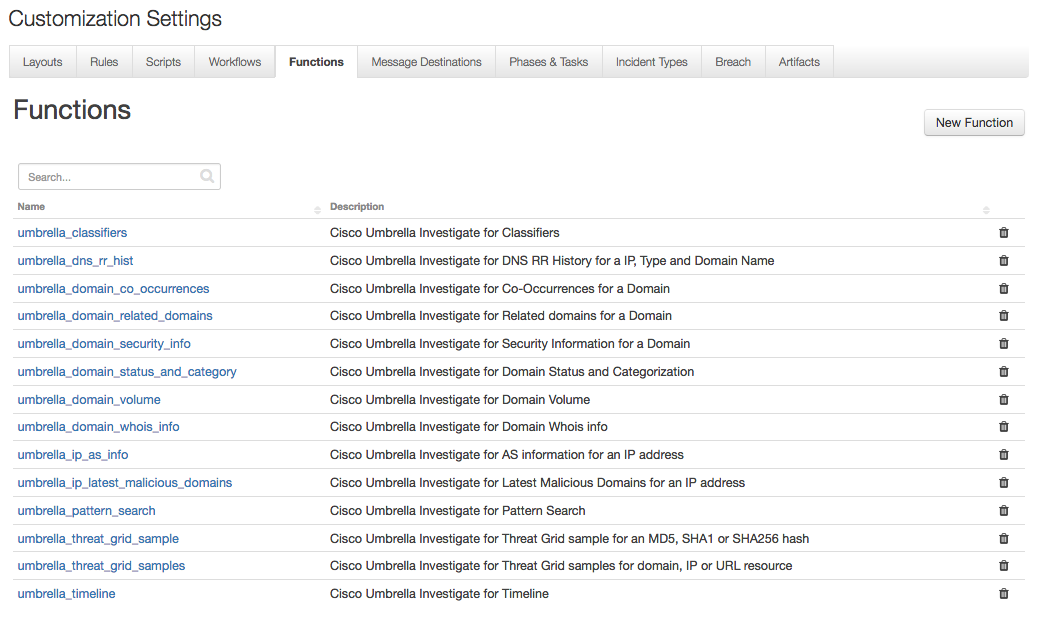
sudo systemctl resilient\_circuits [start|stop|restart|status]

You can view log files for systemd and the resilient-circuits service using the journalctl command, as follows:

sudo journalctl -u resilient\_circuits --since "2 hours ago"

Function Descriptions

Once the function package deploys the functions, you can view them in the Resilient platform Functions tab, as shown below.



Functions and Components

The package includes example workflows, rules and data tables that show how you can use the functions, as shown in the following table. Resilient users can view the rules in the Rules tab and the workflows in the Workflows tab, and modify them as needed. The object type for the workflows is Artifact, with the exception of the workflow, **Example: Get list of category identifiers**, which has an Incident object type.

| **Function** | **Rule** | **Workflow** | **Data Table** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| umbrella\_ip\_as\_info | Example: AS Information for an ip address or ASN | Example: AS Information for an ip address or ASN | Umbrella Investigate - AS Information for an ip address or ASN |
| umbrella\_domain\_status\_and\_category | Example: Get list of category identifiers | Example: Get list of category identifiers | Umbrella Investigate - Category identifiers |
| umbrella\_domain\_status\_and\_category | Example: Categories for a domain | Example: Categories for a domain | Umbrella Investigate - Categories for a domain |
| umbrella\_classifiers | Example: Classifiers for a domain | Example: Classifiers for a domain | Umbrella Investigate - Classifiers for a domain |
| umbrella\_domain\_co\_ occurrences | Example: DNS RR history for a domain | Example: DNS RR history for a domain | Umbrella Investigate - Co-occurrences for a domain |
| umbrella\_dns\_rr\_hist | Example: DNS RR history for a domain | Example: DNS RR history for a domain | Umbrella Investigate - DNS RR history for a domain |
| umbrella\_dns\_rr\_hist | Example: DNS RR history for an ip address | Example: DNS RR history for an ip address | Umbrella Investigate - DNS RR history for an ip address |
| umbrella\_domain\_volume | Example: Domain volume | Example: Domain volume | Umbrella Investigate - Domain Volume |
| umbrella\_domain\_whois\_ info | Example: Domain WHOIS information for a domain | Example: Domain WHOIS information for a domain | Umbrella Investigate - Domain WHOIS info for a domain |
| umbrella\_ip\_latest\_ malicious\_domains | Example: Latest Malicious Domains for an ip address | Example: Latest Malicious Domains for an ip address | Umbrella Investigate - Latest Malicious Domains for an IP |
| umbrella\_pattern\_search | Example: Pattern search start epoch | Example: Pattern search start epoch | Umbrella Investigate - Pattern search with start epoch |
| umbrella\_pattern\_search | Example: Pattern search start relative | Example: Pattern search start relative | Umbrella Investigate - Pattern search with start relative |
| umbrella\_domain\_related\_domains | Example: Related Domains for a Domain | Example: Related Domains for a Domain | Umbrella Investigate - Related Domains for a Domain |
| umbrella\_domain\_security\_info | Example: Security information for a domain | Example: Security information for a domain | Umbrella Investigate - Security information for a domain |
| umbrella\_threat\_grid\_ sample | Example: ThreadGrid sample information for a hash | Example: ThreadGrid sample information for a hash | Umbrella Investigate - ThreadGrid sample info for a hash |
| umbrella\_threat\_grid\_ samples | Example: ThreadGrid samples for a resource | Example: ThreadGrid samples for a resource | Umbrella Investigate - ThreadGrid samples for a resource |
| umbrella\_timeline | Example: Timeline for a resource | Example: Timeline for a resource | Umbrella Investigate - Timeline for a resource |

Inputs

Each function has a set of inputs, which you can view by clicking the function name in the Functions tab of the Resilient platform.

The Resilient functions use input parameters starting with umbinv\_, examples include umbinv\_domains, umbinv\_showlabels and umbinv\_status\_endpoint. These are equivalent to the input parameters, endpoints, and qualifiers used in the REST API call. Refer to [Introduction to Cisco Umbrella Investigate](https://investigate-api.readme.io/docs/introduction-to-cisco-investigate) and the Cisco Umbrella API documentation on the use of the Umbrella Investigate inputs.

The following input parameter is used in the Resilient functions where the input can be one of several different types.

umbinv\_resource e.g. ip\_address, email\_address or nameserver

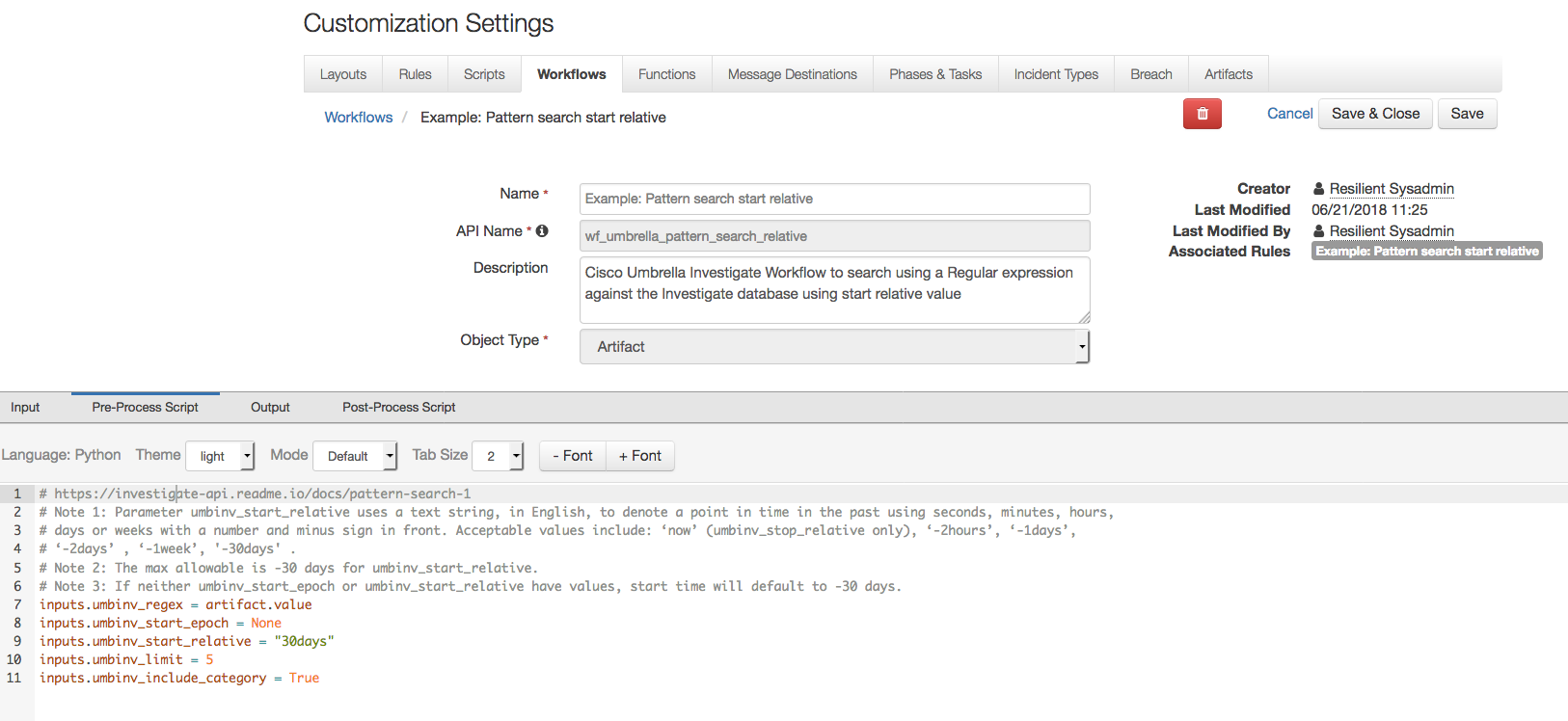
The stop and start input parameter values in the REST API are derived from a pair of mutually exclusive equivalent parameters defined in the Resilient functions.

unbinv\_start\_epoch or unbinv\_stop\_epoch  
umbinv\_start\_relative or umbinv\_stop\_relative

Parameters umbinv\_start\_epoch and umbinv\_stop\_epoch use a Datepicker to populate the value in the Workflow Input tab. This value is translated to a Unix epoch timestamp in milliseconds, by the Resilient platform. The Workflow Pre-Process Script accepts a Unix timestamp value in miliseconds.

Parameters umbinv\_start\_relative and umbinv\_stop\_relative use a text string, in English, to denote a point in time in the past using seconds, minutes, hours, days or weeks with a number and minus sign in front. Acceptable values include: ‘now’ (umbinv\_stop\_relative only), ‘-2hours’, ‘-1days’, ‘-2days’, ‘-1week’. Parameter umbinv\_start\_relative must be <= parameter umbinv\_stop\_relative. The max allowable value is -30 days.

Resilient users can set the values for the inputs when editing the function within one of the provided workflows. The user can change the value in the Input or Pre-process Script tab. The following is an example of a function’s Pre-Process Script tab within a workflow.

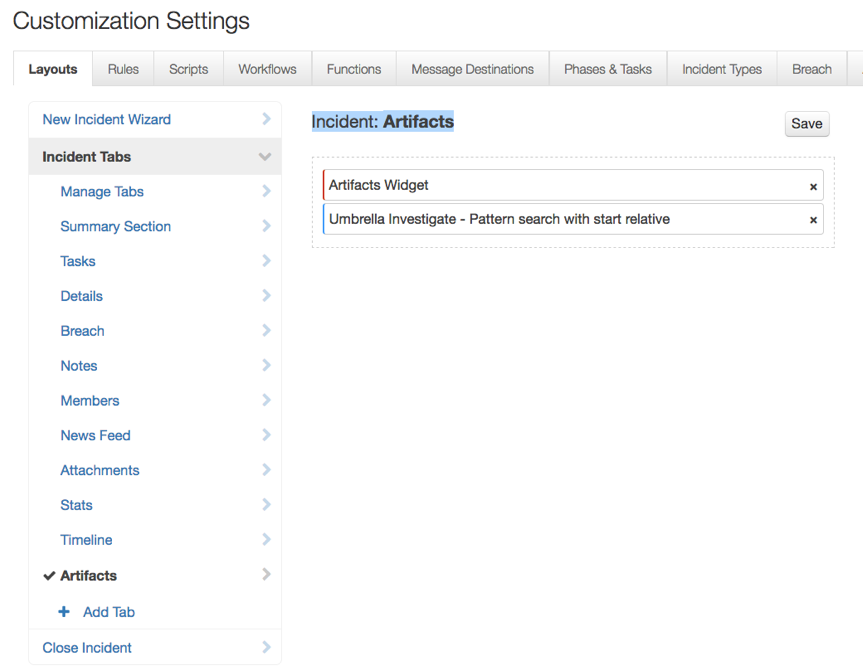


Resilient Platform Configuration

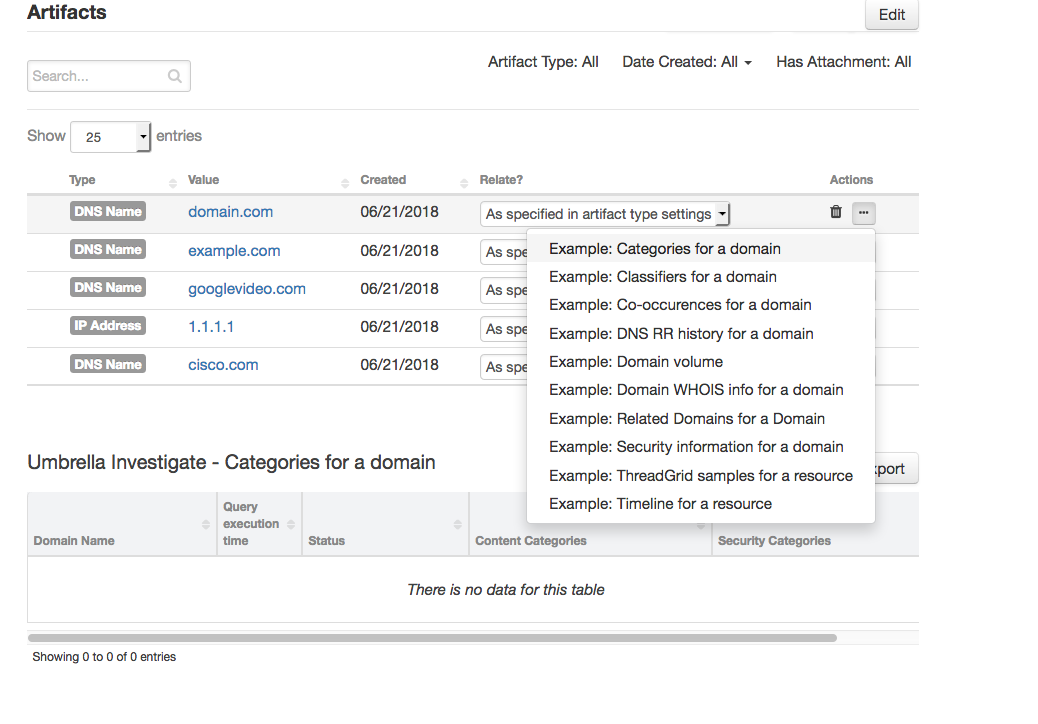
To display results, users need to manually add the provided data tables to the Artifacts tab, as follows:

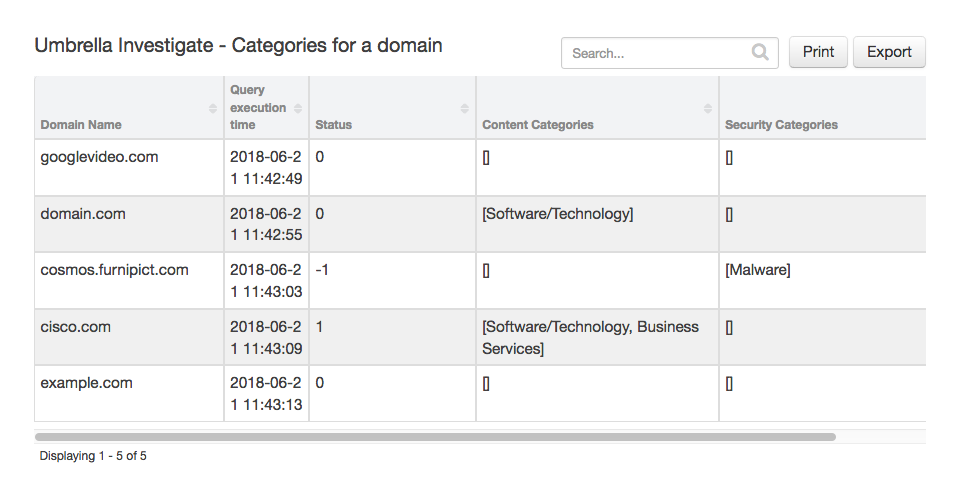
1. Navigate to the Customization Settings and select the Layouts tab.
2. Select Artifacts.
3. Drag each data table to your Artifacts tab.
4. Click **Save**.

The following screenshot shows the **Umbrella Investigate - Pattern search with start relative** data table added to Artifacts tab.



Users can run a Cisco Umbrella Investigate query by clicking the Actions icon for an artifact, then selecting a rule. This executes the corresponding workflow against that particular artifact. In the following example, when a user executes the rule, **Example: Categories for a domain**, the corresponding data table is updated, where the artifact values are domain names.

Some workflows add more than one row per artifact for each execution. For example:



Troubleshooting

There are several ways to verify the successful operation of a function.

* Resilient Action Status

When viewing an incident, use the Actions menu to view Action Status. By default, pending and errors are displayed. Modify the filter for actions to also show Completed actions. Clicking on an action displays additional information on the progress made or what error occurred.

* Resilient Scripting Log

A separate log file is available to review scripting errors. This is useful when issues occur in the pre-processing or post-processing scripts. The default location for this log file is: /var/log/resilient-scripting/resilient-scripting.log

* Resilient Logs

By default, Resilient logs are retained at /usr/share/co3/logs. The client.log may contain additional information regarding the execution of functions.

* Resilient-Circuits

The log is controlled in the .resilient/app.config file under the section [resilient] and the property logdir. The default file name is app.log. Each function will create progress information. Failures will show up as errors and may contain python trace statements.

Support

For additional support, contact [support@resilientsystems.com](mailto:support@resilientsystems.com).

Including relevant information from the log files will help us resolve your issue.